CHARTER SCHOOL TIA FINDINGS

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Charter School TIA Findings

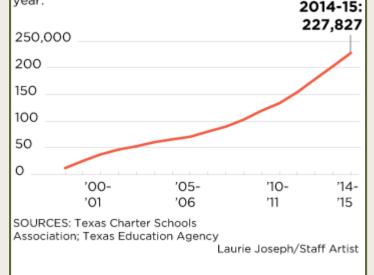
- Trip Generation
- Entering / Exiting Distribution
- Peak Hour Factor
- Queuing



Charter School Statistics

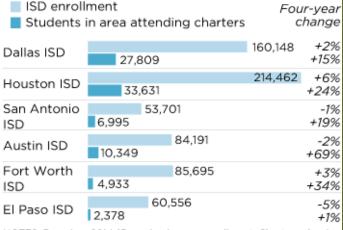
Growing enrollment

Charter school enrollment in Texas has risen steadily since the schools were authorized by the Legislature. In the 2014-15 academic year, there were 227,827 students in Texas charter schools. There were about 5 million students in Texas public schools the same year.



A growing share of charter students

Charter school enrollment is growing faster than public school enrollment. Enrollment in similar areas and the percentage change from four years earlier:



NOTES: Based on 2014-15 academic year enrollment. Charter school students living within a district are not necessarily attending a charter school within that district.

SOURCE: Dallas Morning News analysis of Texas Education Agency data

Laurie Joseph/Staff Artist

>100 in DFW area



DFW Data Collection Locations



K-8 (8 Schools)
 Enrollment Range
 220 - 1,383 Students
 Average Enrollment
 804 Students

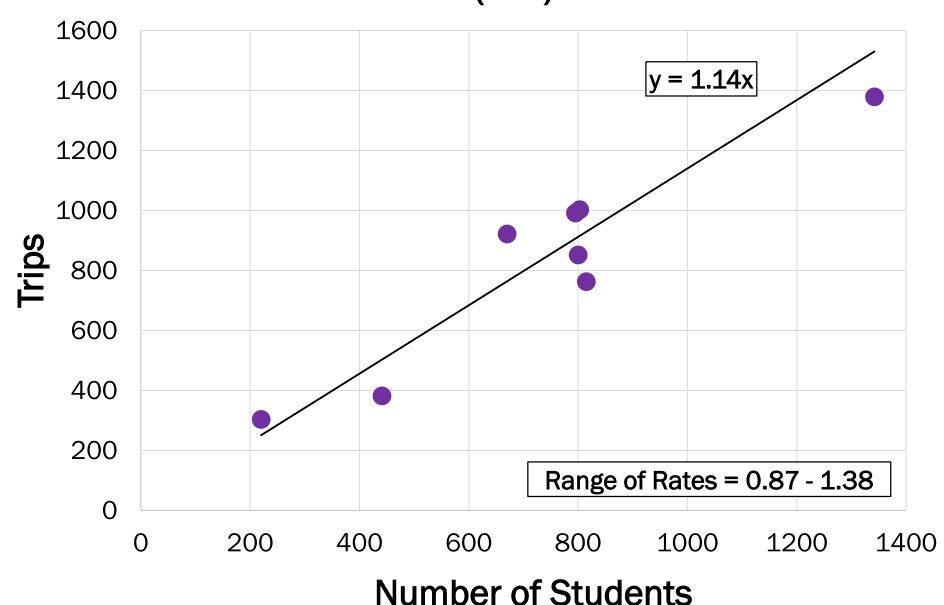
K-12 (3 Schools)
 Enrollment Range
 332 – 1,545 Students
 Average Enrollment
 817 Students



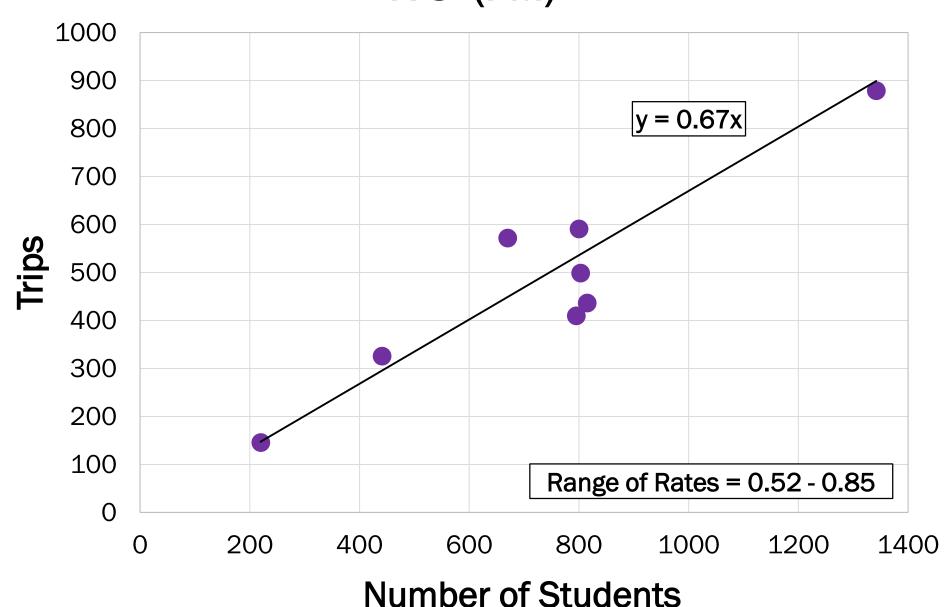
Trip Generation



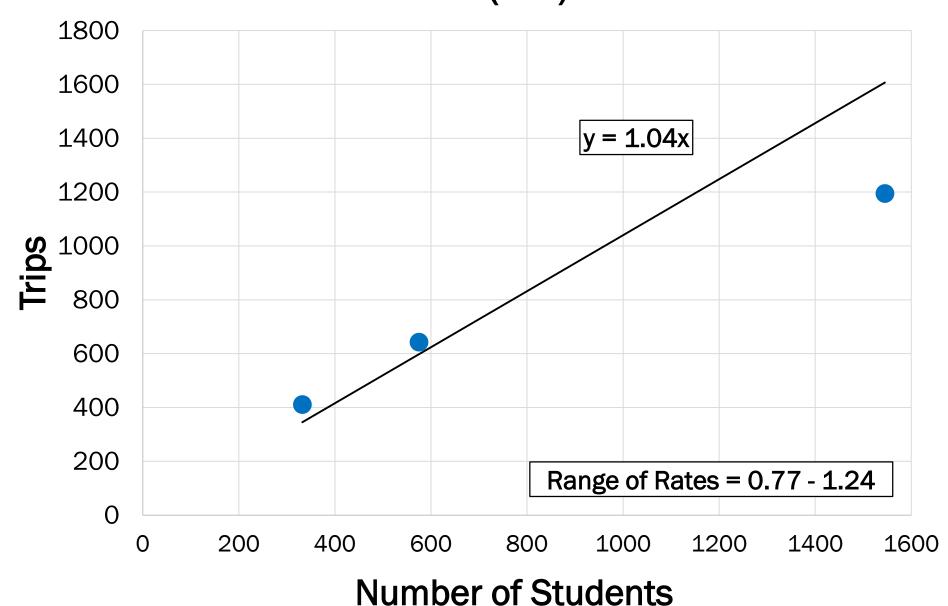
Trip Generation Characteristics K-8 (AM)



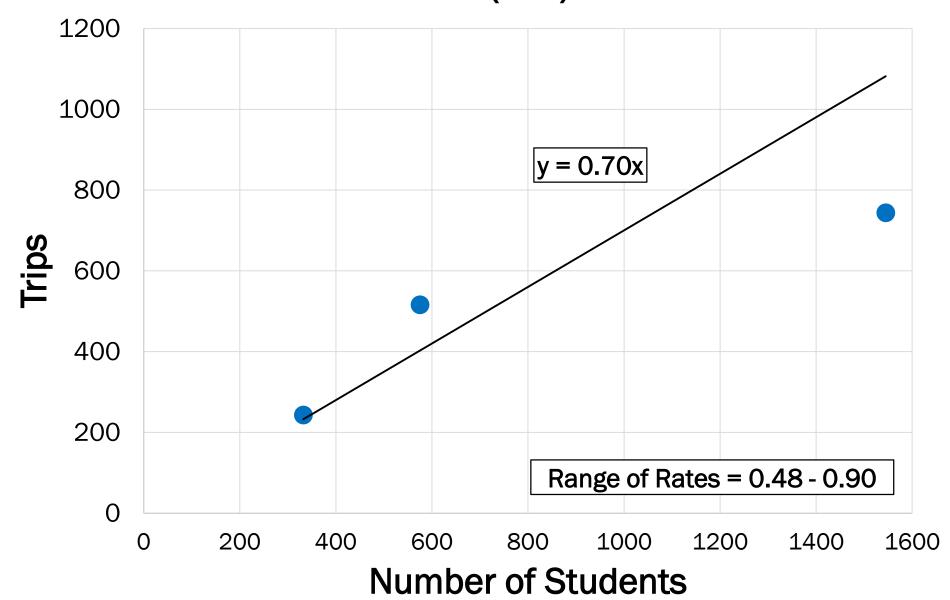
Trip Generation Characteristics K-8 (PM)



Trip Generation Characteristics K-12 (AM)



Trip Generation Characteristics K-12 (PM)



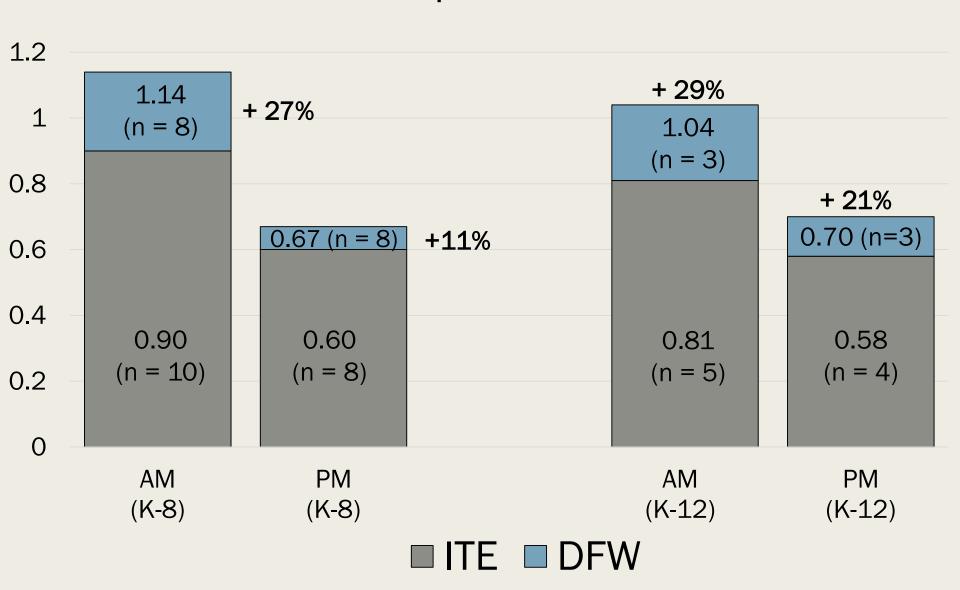
Comparisons to ITE Trip Generation

534 = Private School (K-8)

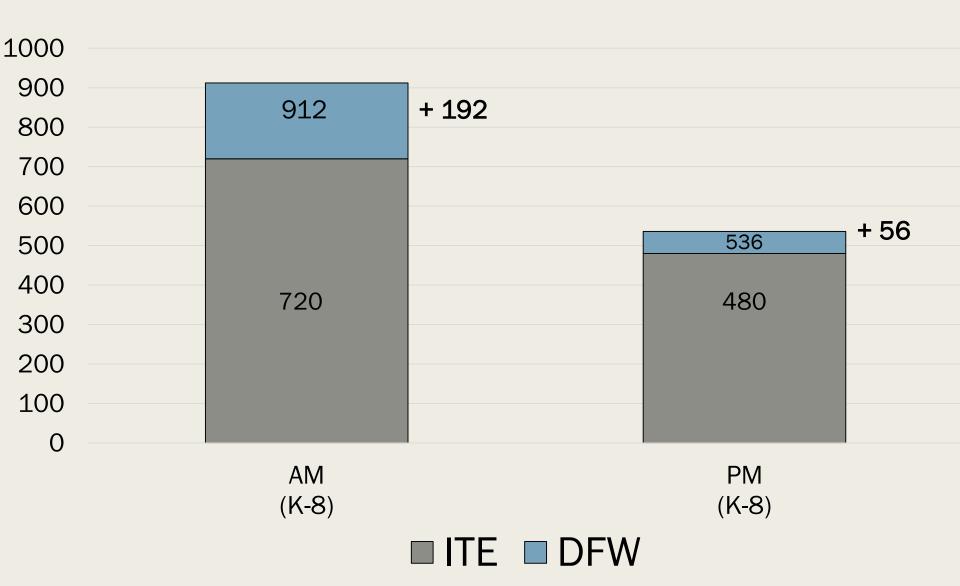
536 = Private School (K-12)



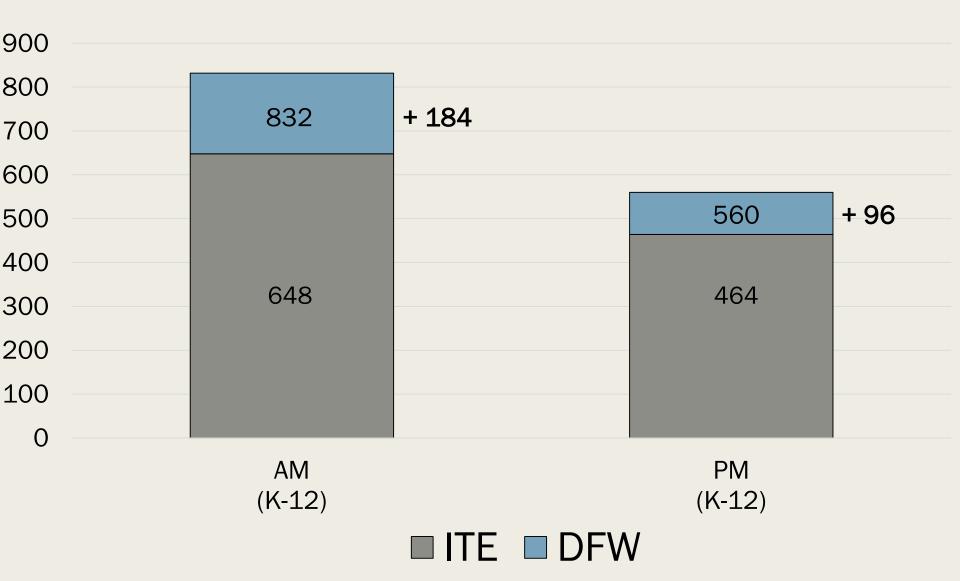
Comparisons to ITE Trip Generation Trip Rates



Comparison to ITE Trip Generation (K-8) 800 Students



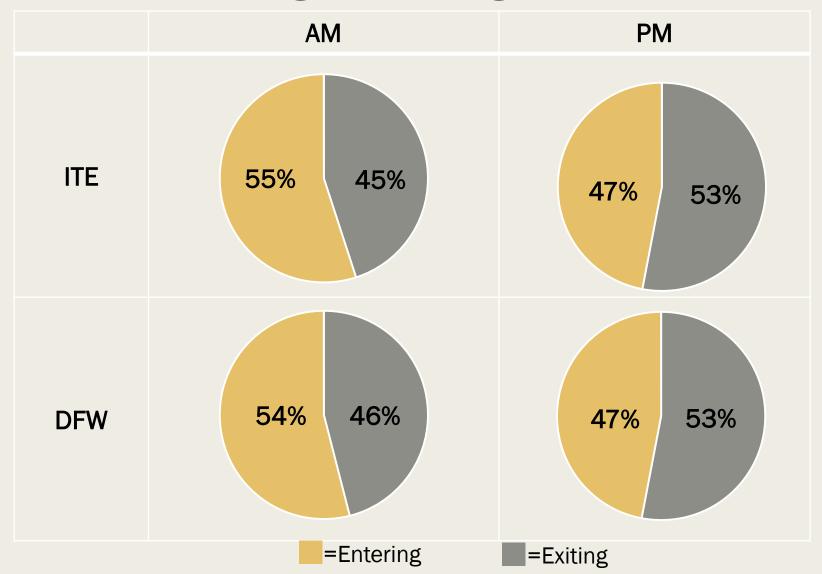
Comparison to ITE Trip Generation (K-12) 800 Students



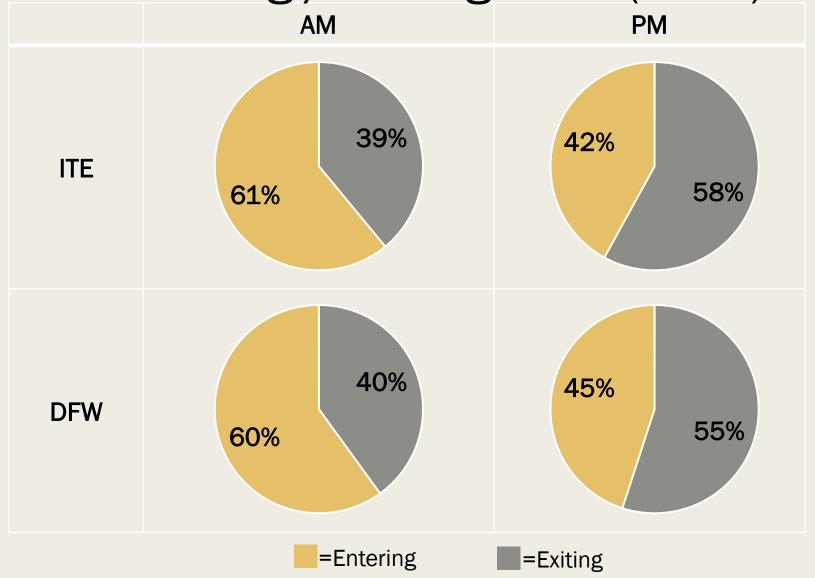
Entering / Exiting Distribution



Comparison to ITE Trip Generation Entering / Exiting Data (K-8)



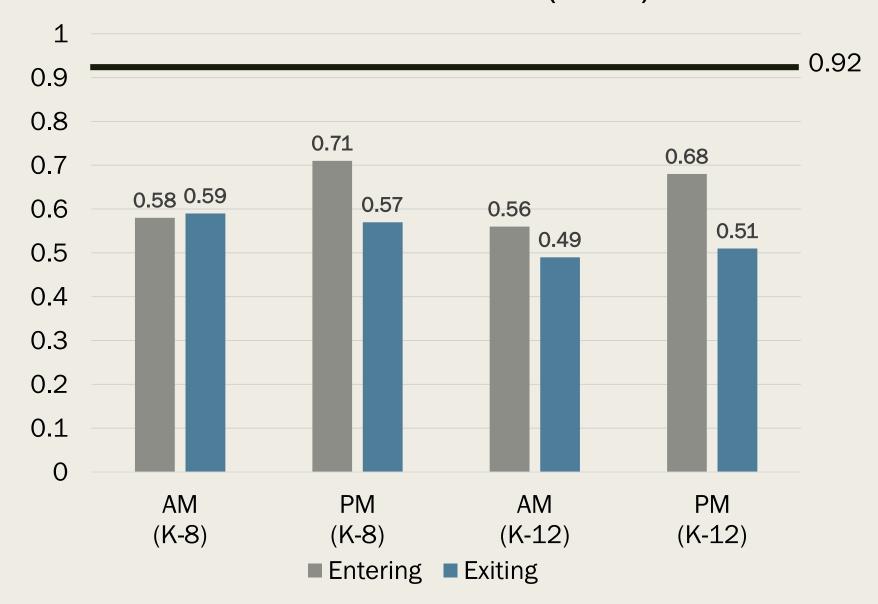
Comparison to ITE Trip Generation Entering / Exiting Data (K-12)



Peak Hour Factor



Peak Hour Factor (PHF)

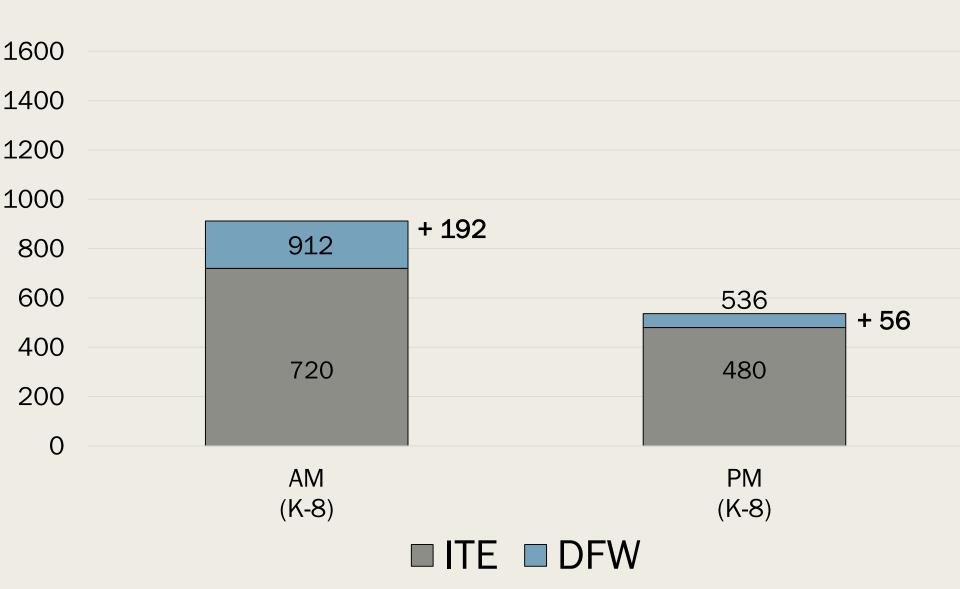


Impact on Traffic Analysis

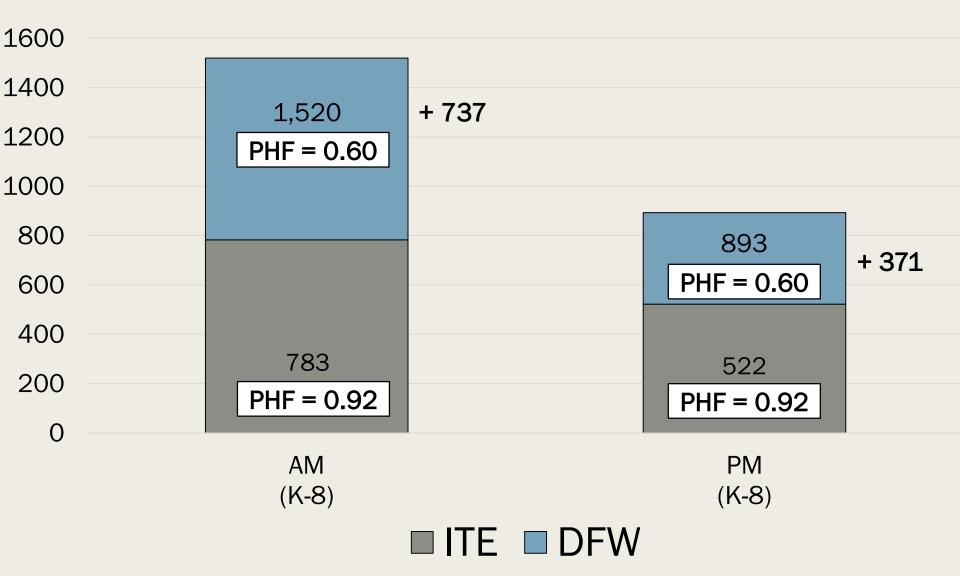
- Higher Trip Generation
- Lower PHF



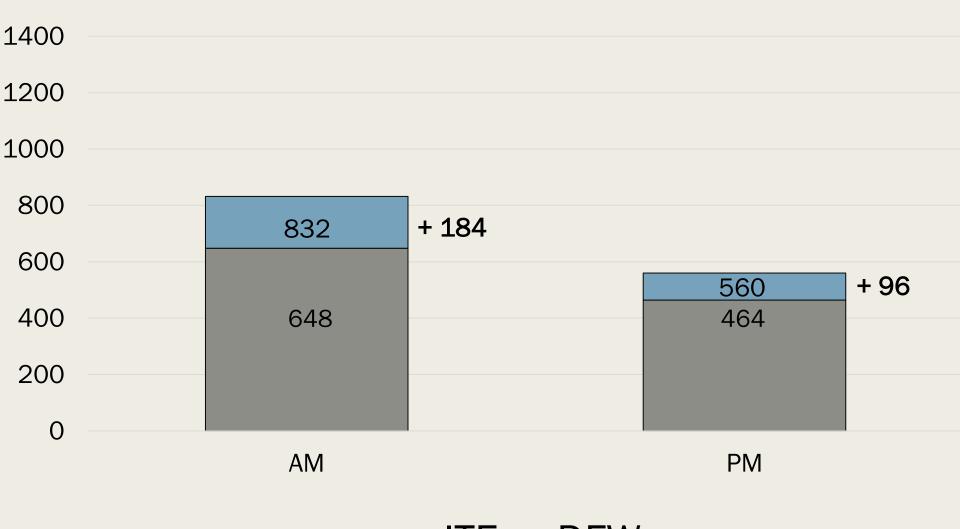
Comparison to ITE Trip Generation (K-8) 800 Students



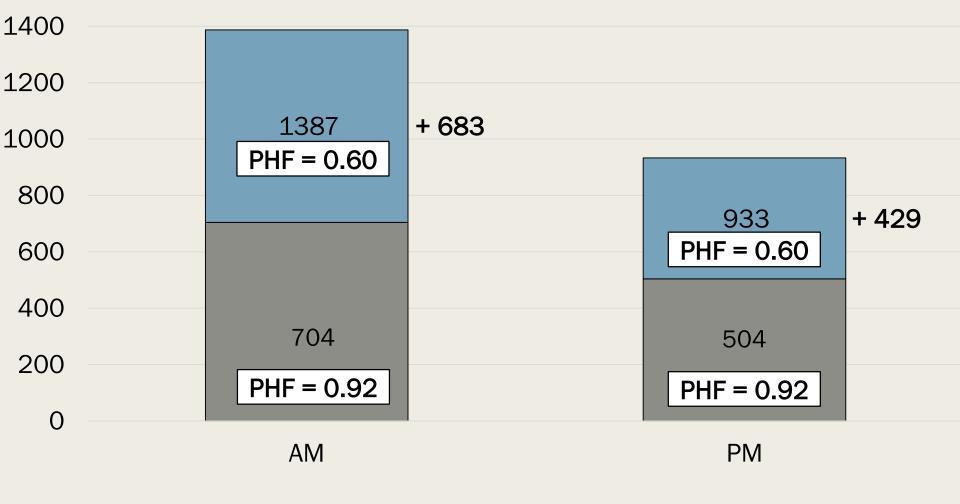
Trip Generation + PHF Impact (K-8) 800 Students



Comparison to ITE Trip Generation (K-12) 800 Students



Trip Generation + PHF Impact (K-12) 800 Students



ITE ■ DFW

Queuing



Factors in Queuing Operations (PM)

Arriving Early



- Number of Dismissals
- Time Between Dismissals
- Number of Students in Dismissal
- Grades in Dismissal



Factors in Queuing Operations (PM)

- Number of Pick-Up Locations
- Distance to Walk to Vehicles

Staff Assistance/Presence



Pick-Up Technology Used (if any)

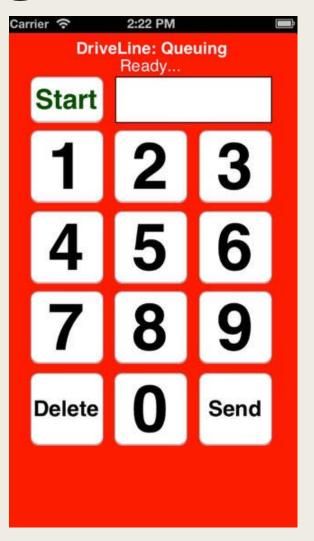
Amount of On-site Queuing Available



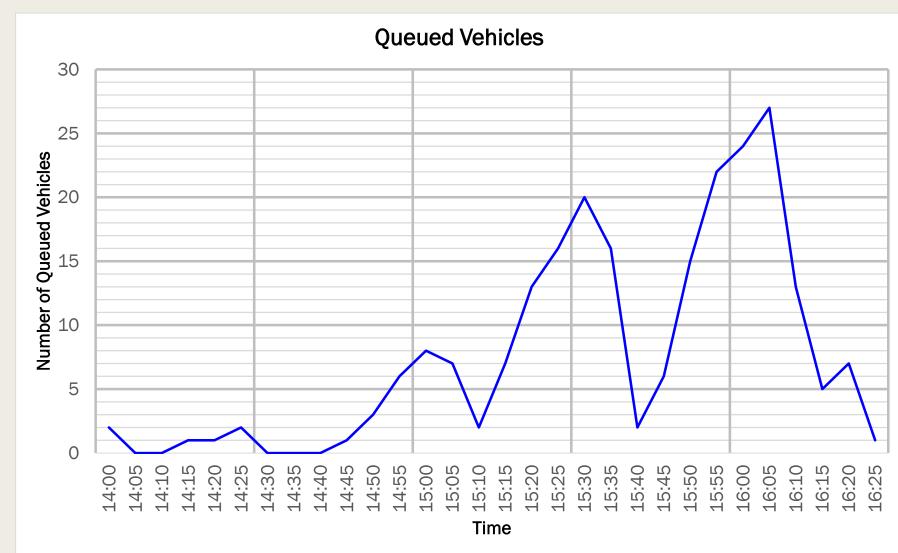
Queuing Operations Pick-Up Technologies







Queuing Operation Sample

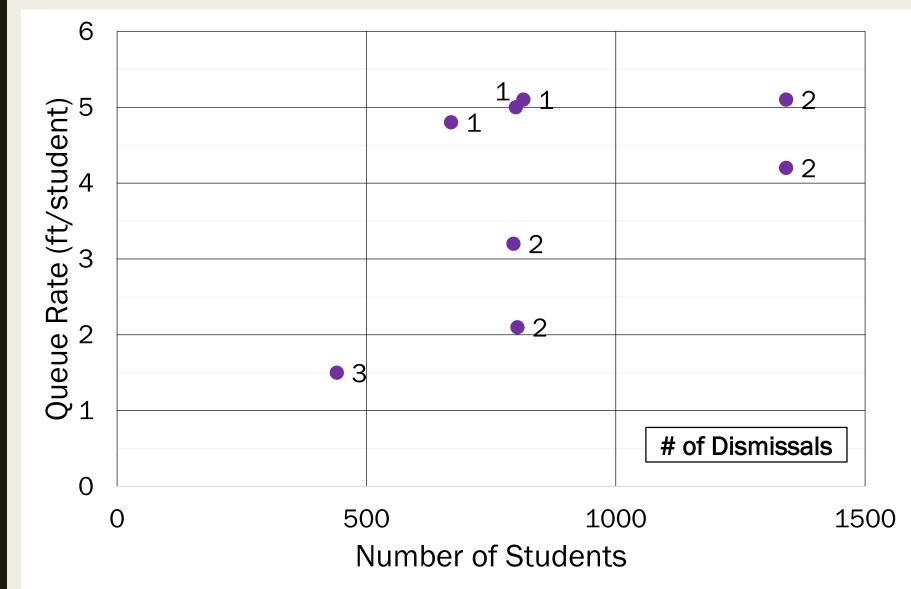


Queuing Summary

Queue Rate (feet/student)		Number of Dismissals	Time Between Dismissals (minutes)	Number of Pick-Up Locations
1.5	441	3	30	1
2.1	803	2	30	3
3.2	795	2	20	3
4.2	1342	2	30	5
4.8	670	1	-	2
5	800	1	-	3
5.1	815	1	-	1
5.1	1342	2	15	2



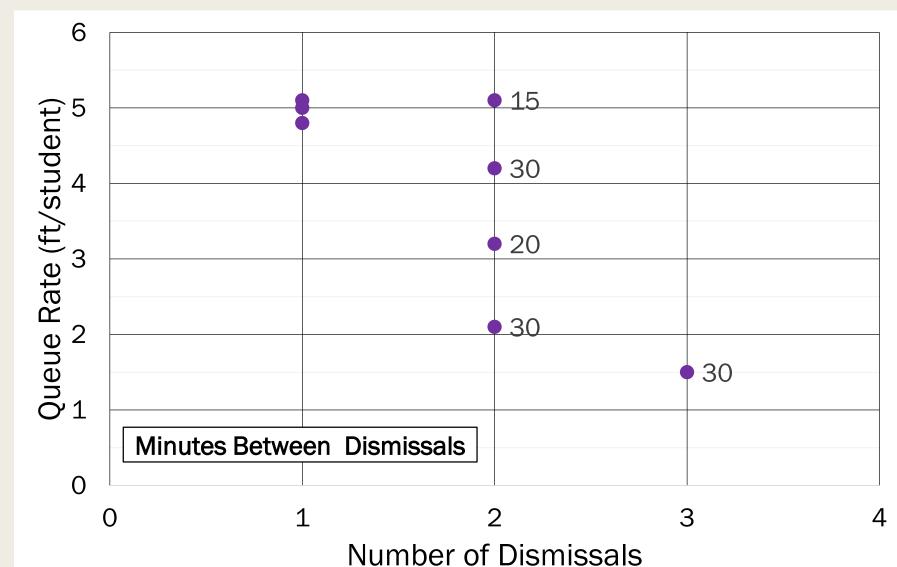
Queuing Relationships (Enrollment)



Queuing Relationships (Number of Pick-Up Locations)



Queuing Relationships (Number of Dismissals)



Conclusions

- DFW Trip Generation > ITE Trip Generation
- % Entering / % Exiting Similar
- Use of Non-Default PHF
- Queuing Dependent on Many Operational Factors
 - Site-by-site
 - Amount of queuing available on site
 - Number of dismissals



CHARTER SCHOOL TIA FINDINGS

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